國中英語

文法示範教學 Spend/Cost/Take

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A. SPEND FIX

主詞 (人)		動詞 (花費) spend(s)/spen	t	時間/金錢		on + 事或物
John spends		spends/spent		three hours five hundred dollars		on the report. on his shoes.
主詞 (人)	S	動詞 (花費) spend(s)/spent		時間/金錢 (i		n) + 動作 (Ving)
		spends/spent		three hours	writing his homework.	
Mark				five hundred dollars	bı	uying the books.

SPEND焦點變理:

- spend的主詞恆為「人」,可接「金錢」或「時間」,用以說明金錢或時間的花費。
- spend的動詞三態為 spend-spent-spent。

B.COST用流

主詞 (物)	動詞 (花費) cost(s)/cost	受詞 (人)	金錢
Taking the bus	cost	me	lots of money.

主詞 (lt)	動詞 (花費) cost(s)/cost	, ,	金錢	to + V (不定詞)
lt	cost	me	lots of money	to take the bus.

COST無點運運:

- cost僅能用於說明金錢上的花費,故其後只能接「金錢」。
- cost的主詞可為「物品」或「虛主詞It」,若為虛主詞it時,真正的主詞為後面的不定詞片語。
- cost的動詞三態為 cost-cost-cost。
- 若要表示「某人」以多少錢購得,人物則置於 cost之後。

C.TAKE用法

主詞 (事物)	動詞 take(s)/took	受詞 (人)	時間
Making the cake	took	me	two hours.

主詞 (lt)	動詞 take(s)/took	受詞 (人)	時間	to + V
lt	took	me	two hours	to make the cake.

TAKE無疑理。

- take 多用於說明時間上的花費,後接「時間長度」。
- take 的主詞可為「事物」或「虛主詞it」,若為虛主詞it時,真正的主詞為後面的不定詞片語。
- take 的動詞三態為 take-took-taken。
- 若要表示「某人」費時多久,則將人物則置於 take 之後。

- It took her one hour to read (read) the book.
- = **Reading** the book took her one hour.
- = She spent one hour on the book.
- = She spent one hour reading (read)the book.
- (她花了一小時看這本書。)

- It cost Kelly three hundred dollars to watch (watch) the show.
- = The show cost Kelly three hundred dollars.
- = Kelly spent three hundred dollars on the show.
- Kelly spent three hundred dollars watching (watch)the show.

(看那場秀花了Kelly三百塊。)